

Lifeline of Ohio Teacher Program Outline*

- I. Introduction – Goals of the program
 - a. Answer Question
 - b. Provide Basic Facts
 - c. Encourage students to make an informed decision
 - d. Encourage students to share their decision with their family

- II. Statistics
 - a. # of individuals waiting for a transplant in the United States & Ohio
 - b. #of individuals receiving a transplant in the previous calendar year
 - c. # of individuals who die waiting for a transplant

- III. Why it is important to share their decision with their family.
 - a. 90 % of students want to be donors, only 50% tell their family
 - b. 90 % of adults want to be donors, only 60% of Ohioans join the Ohio Donor Registry

- IV. Ohio Donor Registry
 - a. Add or remove name from the Donor Registry at the BMV, by filling out and mailing in a form, by going on-line to www.lifelineofohio.org
 - b. Registry is a legally binding advanced directive for adults who have joined registry

- V. List of organs that can be donated for transplantation – model organs are shared
 - a. Heart, liver, lungs (2), kidneys (2) pancreas and small intestine
 - b. One donor can save up to 8 lives.
 - c. How organs are matched - including blood type compatibility, level of illness, geographic location, length of time on the list, etc.

- VI. Video / Personal Testimonial
 - a. If an individual with a connection to donation is in attendance, they will share their story.
 - b. 10-12 minute video with recipients and a donor family member will be shown if no one with a connection to donation/transplantation is available.

- VII. List of tissues that can be donated. **For anatomy and advanced biology we can provide real grafts for educational use.**

- a. Long bones/tendons/ligaments/veins from the lower extremities, corneas, fascia, heart valves & nerves.
- b. Examples of uses for the tissue donations

VIII. Additional facts about donation

- a. Emergency Room doctors will not change the care they give to a patient if the individual is a registered donor.
- b. The donor family does not pay for the cost of the donation of organs/tissues.
- c. A family can have an open casket funeral for their loved one if an open casket was possible before the donation.
- d. An individual's age or medical history should not prevent them from joining the donor registry if they want to be a donor upon their death.
- e. All major religions in the United States support donation.

IX. Questions?

*Note, we can add/subtract content to fit the time available. Additionally, the order may change among our different presenters but the content does not change.